## I MINA'TRENTAI SAIS NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2021 (FIRST) Regular Session

1

10

11

12

13

As Substituted by the Committee on Health, Land, Justice and Culture

Introduced by:	Joe S. San Agustin
22202 0 0000 0 00 0 7 0	000 20 2000 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

AN **ACT** TO **AUTHORIZE** A **COMMERCIAL SUBMERGED** LAND **LICENSE AGREEMENT BETWEEN** THE **GOVERNMENT** OF GUAM, SPECIFICALLY, THE CHAMORRO LAND **TRUST** COMMISSION, AND TELEGUAM HOLDINGS LLC, DOING BUSINESS AS GTA, FOR THE PURPOSE OF LANDING **SUBMARINE CABLES AT** ALUPANG, TAMUNING, GUAM.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:

Section 1. Legislative Findings and Intent. I Liheslaturan Guåhan finds 2 3 that TELEGUAM HOLDINGS LLC, doing business as GTA, hereinafter "GTA," had been negotiating with the Chamorro Land Trust Commission (CLTC) for a 4 5 submerged land license agreement in order to land certain submarine cables in the village of Tamuning, Guam. The submerged parcel in Tamuning is more particularly 6 7 described as a section of the *Alupang* reef flat and channel where submarine cables 8 would be buried to render needed and additional connectivity for the island and its 9 residents.

I Liheslaturan Guåhan further finds that GTA's proposal to bring in and provide additional submarine cable capacity for global voice and data transmission and global access to planned and existing land-based communication networks in the Guam area will result in improved telecommunications efficiency for the island

and its residents and businesses, and additional redundancy critical to ensure that telecommunications remain viable during natural catastrophes and other emergency conditions. Furthermore, there are a number of existing submarine cables traversing Guam which are either coming to its end-of-life or will be decommissioned in the coming years, and there is a necessity for new private investment of state-of-the-art submarine cables for the island to ensure continued economic and social growth.

Organic Act of Guam § 1705(a) regarding Tidelands, etc. Conveyed to Guam states that "subject to valid existing rights, all right, title, and interest of the United States in lands permanently or periodically covered by tidal waters up to but not above the line of mean high tide and seaward to a line three geographical miles distant from the coastlines of the territories of Guam, the Virgin Islands, and American Samoa, as heretofore or hereafter modified by accretion, erosion, and reliction, and in artificially made, filled in, or reclaimed lands which were formerly permanently or periodically covered by tidal waters, are hereby conveyed to the governments of Guam, the Virgin Islands, and American Samoa, as the case may be, to be administered in trust for the benefit of the people thereof."

CLTC has jurisdiction of submerged lands owned by the government of Guam. An informational memo from the Attorney General of Guam to the Director of the Department of Land Management dated November 21, 1996, reaffirmed that submerged land owned by the government of Guam or transferred by the United States to the government of Guam pursuant to the Territorial Submerged Lands Act, 48 USC 1700 et seq. are now under the jurisdiction of the Chamorro Land Trust Commission unless they were specifically reserved pursuant to Sections 2(b) or 2(c) of PL 22-18.

The proposed license agreement would exceed current statutory time limit, and therefore requires legislative approval. 21 GCA §75107(c) authorizes the CLTC to grant licenses to public utility companies for terms not to exceed 21 years.

Additionally, pursuant to 21 GCA §75122, properties under jurisdiction of the Trust may be designated for commercial lease up to 5 years. Submerged cables have an expected lifespan of approximately 25 years.

Therefore, it is the intent of *I Liheslaturan Guåhan* to authorize CLTC to enter into a commercial submerged land license agreement with GTA, in accordance with the terms and conditions articulated in this legislation, for the purpose of bringing additional telecommunications infrastructure for a period exceeding the twenty-one (21) year limit in existing law, subject to approvals and permits as required by U.S. federal and local laws including permitting application review and approval from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers for work in U.S. waters, the Guam Coastal Management Program Consistency Certification in accordance with the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972, and the Guam Territorial Seashore Protection Commission pursuant to the Guam Territorial Seashore Protection Act of 1974 for work within the seashore reserve, Guam Environmental Protection Agency and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

Section 2. Authorization to Enter into a Commercial Submerged Land License Agreement with GTA. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, or rule or regulation, *I Liheslaturan Guåhan* authorizes Chamorro Land Trust Commission (CLTC) to enter into a commercial submerged land license agreement with TeleGuam Holdings LLC, doing business as GTA, as articulated within and in conformance with the provisions of this legislation, for the purpose of the construction, installation, operation, maintenance, and use of no more than six (6) fiber optic cable systems at *Alupang* Reef Flat and Channel.

(a) The submerged land to be licensed to GTA (Licensed Property) shall extend from the line of mean high tide and seaward to a line three (3) geographical miles distant from the coastline and shall include an approximate ten (10+/-) feet wide section of the Alupang Reef Flat and Channel starting from the mean high tide

1 watermark to the exit offshore at approximately three thousand six hundred

2 (3,600+/-) feet and under sixty five (65) to one hundred thirty one (131) feet of

3 water in the Philippine Sea for underground conduit infrastructure that would consist

4 of such number of submerged cable ducts and landing pipes as necessary for GTA

to operate its cable landing station; provided that GTA shall not locate more than six

6 (6) submarine cables and landing pipes within the Licensed Property.

5

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

7 The landing pipes *may* be installed using the Horizontal Directional 8 Drilling construction method, if required permits and approvals allow. It is

9 contemplated that the conduit infrastructure will extend from the terrestrial

10 Landing Manhole (LMH) owned or leased by GTA, under the Alupang Beach and

11 Bay, exiting approximately four thousand six hundred (4,600+/-) feet offshore and

under approximately sixty-five (65) to one hundred thirty-one (131) feet of water.

The fiber optic cables may be pulled through these landing pipes and brought into

the LMH to connect with the cables coming from the cable landing station.

GTA *shall* provide to CLTC and Department of Land Management the Global Positioning System [GPS] Survey Depiction of the final permitted underground conduit infrastructure.

(b) Term. The license agreement *shall* be for a term of twenty-five (25) years; GTA *shall* be afforded two (2) five-year options to renew such license agreement at its election upon written notification to CLTC at least one hundred eighty (180) days prior to the end of the twenty-fourth (24th) year of the original term and 180 days prior to the end of the first (1st) five-year option period. The license agreement *shall* be subject to termination by GTA in the event that GTA is unable to procure the necessary permits and approvals for the construction and operation of the submarine and terrestrial facilities to support the proposed submarine cable landing activity of GTA within three (3) years of enactment of this Act.

(c) Such license agreement, subject to the terms stated herein, *shall* be binding and enforceable in all respects on the CLTC upon execution and shall require no further approvals on the part of *I Liheslaturan Guåhan*.

- (d) Non-Exclusivity and Non-Interference. GTA acknowledges that the Cable Easement is non-exclusive. However, CLTC may not unreasonably interfere with the continued operation, maintenance of the GTA landing pipes and manholes and will notify GTA of any proposed crossing or parallel installation at least sixty (60) calendar days ("Notice Period") prior to any proposed installation unless installation is required due to an emergency. GTA *shall* notify CLTC within the Notice Period if they object to CLTC's intention to place conduit, utility lines or any other structure or line within the subject easement and *shall* support with plans and specifications to the satisfaction of CLTC the basis for any contention there is an unreasonable interference with GTA's conduit. CLTC *shall* at its sole discretion determine whether there is an unreasonable interference with GTA's landing pipes. CLTC shall be authorized to install any parallel or crossing installation if it reasonably determines there is no interference with GTA's landing pipes.
  - **Section 3.** Compensation for Submerged Lands License Agreement. In exchange for those rights granted under this Submerged Land License Agreement for the six (6) Cables, GTA *shall* pay CLTC annual license fees according to the following schedule:
  - (a) For the first cable system: A landing fee of \$100,000 *shall* be paid within 30 days of approval from the Bureau of Statistics & Plans Guam Coastal Management Program's Federal Consistency permit. In addition, an initial annual license payment in the amount of \$100,000 *shall* be paid within 30 days of the System Operational Date (as defined below) of the first cable system, (the "First System Operational Date), and thereafter an annual license payment adjusted in accordance with Section 3(h) *shall* be paid beginning on the first anniversary of the

- 1 First System Operational Date and continuing annually for the Term of the License
- 2 Agreement.
- 3 (b) For the second cable system: A landing fee of \$100,000 shall be paid
- 4 within 30 days of approval from the Bureau of Statistics & Plans Guam Coastal
- 5 Management Program's Federal Consistency permit. In addition, an initial annual
- 6 license payment in the amount of \$100,000 shall be paid within 30 days of the
- 7 Systems Operational Date of the second cable system, (the "Second System
- 8 Operational Date), and thereafter an annual license payment adjusted in accordance
- 9 with Section 3(h) shall be paid beginning on the first anniversary of the Second
- 10 System Operational Date and continuing annually for the Term of the License
- 11 agreement.
- 12 (c) For the third cable system: A landing fee of \$100,000 shall be paid
- within 30 days of approval from the Bureau of Statistics & Plans Guam Coastal
- 14 Management Program's Federal Consistency permit. In addition, an initial annual
- license payment in the amount of \$100,000 shall be paid within 30 days of the
- 16 System Operational Date of the third cable system, (the "Third System Operational
- 17 Date), and thereafter an annual license payment adjusted in accordance with
- 18 Section 3(h) *shall* be paid in beginning on the first anniversary of the Third System
- 19 Operational Date and continuing annually for the Term of the License agreement.
- 20 (d) For the fourth cable system: A landing fee of \$100,000 shall be paid
- 21 within 30 days of approval from the Bureau of Statistics & Plans Guam Coastal
- 22 Management Program's Federal Consistency permit. In addition, an initial annual
- 23 license payment in the amount of \$100,000 shall be paid within 30 days of the
- 24 System Operational Date of the fourth cable system, (the "Fourth System
- Operational Date), and thereafter an annual license payment adjusted in accordance
- 26 with Section 3(h) shall be paid beginning on the First anniversary of the Fourth

- System Operational Date and continuing annually for the Term of the License
  agreement.
- 3 (e) For the fifth cable system: A landing fee of \$100,000 *shall* be paid 4 within 30 days of approval from the Bureau of Statistics & Plans Guam Coastal
- 5 Management Program's Federal Consistency permit. In addition, an initial annual
- 6 license payment in the amount of \$100,000 shall be paid within 30 days of the
- 7 System Operational Date of the fifth cable system, (the "Fifth System Operational
- 8 Date), and thereafter an annual license payment adjusted in accordance with
- 9 Section 3(h) *shall* be paid beginning on the First anniversary of the Fifth System
- 10 Operational Date and continuing annually for the Term of the License agreement.
- 11 (f) For the sixth cable system: A landing fee of \$100,000 shall be paid
- within 30 days of approval from the Bureau of Statistics & Plans Guam Coastal
- 13 Management Program's Federal Consistency permit. In addition, an initial annual
- license payment in the amount of \$100,000 shall be paid within 30 days of the
- 15 System Operational Date of the sixth cable system, (the "Sixth System Operational
- Date), and thereafter an annual license payment adjusted in accordance with
- 17 Section 3(h) *shall* be paid beginning on the First anniversary of the Sixth System
- 18 Operational Date and continuing annually for the Term of the License agreement.
- 19 (g) The "System Operational Date" of each Cable shall be that date at
- which the Cable is fully installed, the associated system-wide testing is completed,
- 21 and the Cable is approved to carry commercial traffic. GTA *shall* notify CLTC
- 22 within thirty (30) days after the establishment of the System Operational Date of
- each cable landing within its submerged license agreement.
- 24 (h) The annual fees for each cable system set forth in this Section *shall* be
- 25 adjusted annually on the anniversary of the System Operational Date of each
- 26 Cable, and for the remainder of the Term. All recurring fees shall be adjusted and
- increased annually for inflation at a fixed rate of 2% per annum.

**Section 4.** License Agreement Requirements. From and after the effective date of this legislation the following requirements *shall* apply to and be incorporated in any Submarine Cable License Agreements entered into with the CLTC:

- (a) Interest for Late Payment. All license fees in arrears *shall* bear interest at a rate of four percent (4%) per annum in excess of the prime rate, calculated daily and compounded monthly, without demand, from the date it should have been paid to CLTC, until actual payment to CLTC.
- **(b)** Taxes. Any and all taxes, fees and assessments, to include taxes on gross receipts and, improvements to the Licensed Property, levied upon the Licensed Property *shall* be borne and paid by GTA upon execution of the license agreement.
- (c) Insurance. The license agreement *shall* require GTA to have business liability insurance that indemnifies and holds CLTC and the government of Guam harmless, and *shall* require GTA to respond to CLTC requests for information on a timely basis. GTA *shall*\_procure, at its own cost and expense, and keep in force during the term of the license agreement for the mutual benefit of CLTC and GTA, a policy of comprehensive liability insurance in such amounts, form, and with such insurance company as CLTC shall approve. A copy of such policies *shall* be provided to CLTC at CLTC's request. CLTC *may* review the foregoing limits of coverage and require increases therein but *shall* not require increases more frequently than annually. The policy or policies shall contain a clause stating that the insurer will not cancel or change insurance coverage without first giving CLTC and GTA thirty (30) days prior written notice of such change or cancellation.
- (d) The general public *shall* have the continuing right to use the reef flat and the waters above to enter on or cross any portion of the Licensed Property for fishing and other recreational purposes and CLTC reserves the right to itself and to the agents and representatives of the Government of Guam, to enter on and cross any portion of the Licensed Property for the purpose of performing any public or official

duties; provided, however, that in the exercise of such rights, CLTC and the general public *shall* not unreasonably interfere with GTA's use and enjoyment of the rights granted by the license agreement.

- (e) The Licensed Property *may* be occupied and used by GTA solely for the activities proposed by GTA and for incidental purposes related to the landing of submarine\_cables. In no event *shall* GTA conduct any activity on the Licensed Property without obtaining all requisite authorizations and permits from the appropriate Guam and federal government agencies or authorities.
- Property *shall* be in compliance and maintained in accordance with existing federal and local environmental laws, including permitting application review and approval from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers for work in U.S. waters, the Guam Coastal Management Program Consistency Certification in accordance with the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972, and the Guam Territorial Seashore Protection Commission pursuant to the Guam Territorial Seashore Protection Act of 1974 for work within the seashore reserve, Guam Environmental Protection Agency and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. Failure to comply with environmental laws *shall* be a material default by GTA.
- authorizations and permits and, more generally, *shall* comply with all applicable Guam and federal government laws, rules and regulations relating to its activities on the Licensed Property. GTA *shall*\_comply with applicable federal laws, including the Submarine Cable Act of 1921 and the Communications Acts of 1934 (as amended) and rules and regulations of the Federal Communications Commission applicable to its interstate and international submarine cable landing authorizations and licensure, including annual reporting obligations. The rights of GTA under the license agreement are personal to GTA and *may* not be transferred or assigned to

- any other person, firm, corporation or other entity\_without the prior written consent
- 2 of CLTC, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld; provided, however,
- 3 that GTA may, without CLTC's consent, lease or transfer conduit or duct space to
- 4 third parties landing submarine\_cables, and provided, further, that GTA may, without
- 5 CLTC's consent, assign its rights to any person acquiring all of GTA's assets in
- 6 Guam on condition that the assignee assumes all of GTA's obligations under the
- 7 license agreement.

**(h) Improvements to CLTC Property.** The license agreement *shall* 9 require that any improvements made to or upon Licensed Property *shall* belong in 10 title to the CLTC upon termination or expiration of the license agreement, and that 11 any removal required by the CLTC of improvements or items remaining on the

property *shall* be the responsibility of GTA at no cost to the CL TC.

- **Section 5. Default and Termination.** From and after the effective date of this legislation, the following provisions shall apply to and be incorporated into any submarine cable license agreement entered into with the CLTC:
- (a) Any failure to comply with this Act, the license agreement, or a material term of the conditions of any government approval or permit *shall* be considered a material breach of the license agreement. The party aggrieved by such breach *may* deliver a Notice of Default to the party in breach specifying such noncompliance and the appropriate cure. Except as otherwise provided in this Act, if the breach has not been corrected within a period of ninety (90) days after receipt of the Notice of Default, then the aggrieved party *may* terminate the license agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the breach cannot reasonably be corrected during its applicable cure period, then the aggrieved party *may* not terminate the license agreement if the breaching party begins to correct such noncompliance during the cure period and diligently pursues corrective measures to completion.

(b) Upon termination or expiration of the license agreement, unless extended pursuant to the terms of the license agreement, the license agreement *shall* become null and void, except that CLTC *may* enforce any and all obligations of GTA arising out of acts or omissions occurring prior to such termination or expiration.

- (c) Without limiting any other remedies the CLTC *may* have arising out of the license agreement or at law in respect of any default in the performance of GTA's obligations under the license agreement, the CLTC *shall* have the right, in the case of any default and without any re-entry or termination of the license agreement, to enter upon the Licensed Property and cure or attempt to cure such default (but this *shall* not obligate the CLTC to cure or attempt to cure any such default or, after having commenced to cure or attempt to cure such default, prevent the CLTC from ceasing to do so) and GTA *shall* promptly reimburse to the CLTC any expense incurred by the CLTC in so doing and the same *shall* be recoverable.
- (d) The license agreement *may* be terminated in any of the following events (each an "Event of Default"):
  - (1) if license fees or any part thereof shall not be paid on any day when such payment is due, CLTC *may*, at any time thereafter, give notice of such failure to GTA, and if the failure is not remedied by GTA within five (5) days after the giving of such notice; or
  - (2) if GTA *shall* fail or neglect to perform or comply with any of the terms, covenants or conditions contained in the license agreement (other than the covenants to pay license fees) on the part of GTA to be performed or observed, CLTC *may*, at any time thereafter, give notice of such failure or neglect to GTA and GTA:
    - (A) if the matter complained of in such notice is capable of being remedied by the payment of money, has not corrected the matter

complained of within a period of five (5) days after the giving of such notice; or

- (B) if the matter complained of in such notice is not capable of being remedied by the payment of money has not corrected the matter complained of within a period of twenty (20) days after the giving of such notice, or if a period of more than such twenty (20) days is reasonably required to remedy, with reasonable diligence, the matters complained of in such notice, has not forthwith commenced to remedy the same and diligently prosecute the remedying of the same to completion; or
- (C) if an event of insolvency shall have occurred with respect to GTA, or
- (D) a breach of an obligation by GTA which has resulted in cancellation of insurance coverage where GTA has not prior to or concurrent with such cancellation replaced such coverage with comparable coverage or breach of an obligation where there has been a notice of cancellation of insurance coverage which has not been cured and where GTA has not, within the period of time set out in such notice, or within ten (10) days where no period is set out therein, replaced such coverage with comparable coverage or which is otherwise a breach of the obligations respecting insurance; or
- (E) abandonment of the project by GTA; the CLTC, at its option, *may* terminate the license agreement by notice to GTA, in which event such termination *shall* be effective immediately upon the delivery of such notice and *may* enter upon the Licensed Property with or without process of law and take possession thereof.

- Deposit of Revenues and Fees. Revenues from fees and interest generated from the commercial submerged land license agreement authorized in this Act shall be deposited into the Chamorro Land Trust Survey and Infrastructure Fund, to be used for all authorized purposes of that Fund, including to survey and subdivide CLTC property, to ensure access to water and access to sewer infrastructure for properties over the aquifer, and to improve telecommunications infrastructure and technology resources for the CLTC communities and other disadvantaged communities as determined by the CLTC.
- **Section 7. Exemption from Appraisals.** § 2107(b) of Chapter 2, Title 2, 10 Guam Code Annotated, and Section 6.04(c)(1) of the Standing Rules of *I Mina'trentai Sais Na Liheslaturan Guåhan* relative to land appraisals, shall not apply 12 to this Act.
- **Section 8. Effective Date.** This Act shall be effective upon enactment.

**Section 9. Severability.** If any provision of this Act or its application to any person or circumstance is found to be invalid or contrary to law, such invalidity *shall* not affect other provisions or applications of this Act that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this Act are severable.